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**Product Data Sheet**


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Product Name: HIV-1 nef  
 Cat. No.: GP25384  
 Batch No.: 1

**Product Data**

Purity	>98%	Source	Escherichia Coli.
Physical Appearance	solid	Shipping Condition	Shipped with Ice Packs.
Amino Acid Sequence	kwsksv igwptvrerm rraepadgv gaasqdlek gaitssntaa tnadcawleaqeeevgfpv tpqvlprpmt ykaavdlshf lkekgglegl ihsqrrqdil dlwiyhtqgyfpdwqnytpg pgirypltf g wcyklvpv ep ekleeankge ntsllhpsvl hgmddpervlewrfdsr la.		
Formulation	HIV-1 nef protein solution in 8M urea, 20mM Tris-HCl pH 8.0, 10mM b-mercaptoethanol.		

**Introduction**

Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) is a retrovirus that can lead to a condition in which the immune system begins to fail, leading to opportunistic infections. HIV primarily infects vital cells in the human immune system such as helper T cells (specifically CD4+ T cells), macrophages and dendritic cells. HIV infection leads to low levels of CD4+ T cells through three main mechanisms: firstly, direct viral killing of infected cells; secondly, increased rates of apoptosis in infected cells; and thirdly, killing of infected CD4+ T cells by CD8 cytotoxic lymphocytes that recognize infected cells. When CD4+ T cell numbers decline below a critical level, cell-mediated immunity is lost, and the body becomes progressively more susceptible to opportunistic infections. HIV was classified as a member of the genus Lentivirus, part of the family of Retroviridae. Lentiviruses have many common morphologies and biological properties. Many species are infected by lentiviruses, which are characteristically responsible for long-duration illnesses with a long incubation period. Lentiviruses are transmitted as single-stranded, positive-sense, enveloped RNA viruses. Upon entry of the target cell, the viral RNA genome is converted to double-stranded DNA by a virally encoded reverse transcriptase that is present in the virus particle. This viral DNA is then integrated into the cellular DNA by a virally encoded integrase so that the genome can be transcribed. Once the virus has infected the cell, two pathways are possible: either the virus becomes latent and the infected cell

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: (909) 407-4943 Fax: (626) 353-8530 E-mail: tech@glpbio.com

Address: 10292 Central Ave. #205, Montclair, CA, USA

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continues to function, or the virus becomes active and replicates, and a large number of virus particles are liberated that can then infect other cells.

### Stability

HIV-1 nef although stable at 4°C for 1 week, should be stored below -18°C . Please prevent freeze thaw cycles.

### Background

The E.coli derived 20kDa recombinant protein genotype IIIB is a non-glycosylated polypeptide chain, containing the HIV-1 nef immunodominant regions, 3-190 amino acids. The HIV-1 nef is fused to beta-galactosidase (114 kDa) at the N-terminus.

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