
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: Borrelia Miyamotoi GlpQ

Cat. No.: GP25199

Batch No.: 1

Product Data

Purity	>98%	Source	Escherichia Coli.
Physical Appearance	solid	Shipping Condition	Shipped with Ice Packs.
Formulation	Borrelia Miyamotoi GlpQ is supplied in 20mM HEPES buffer pH-7.6, 250mM NaCl and 20% glycerol.		

Introduction

Borrelia belongs to a genus of bacteria of the spirochete phylum. Borrelia causes borreliosis, which is a zoonotic, vector-borne disease transmitted mainly by ticks and some by lice, depending on the species. Of the 36 known species of Borrelia, 12 are distinguished to cause Lyme disease or borreliosis and are transmitted by ticks. The main Borrelia species causing Lyme disease are Borrelia burgdorferi, Borrelia afzelii, and Borrelia garinii. The Borrelia genus members have a linear chromosome which is about 900 kbp in length as well as an excess of both linear and circular plasmids in the 5-220 kbp size range. The plasmids are atypical, as compared to most bacterial plasmids, since they contain many paralogous sequences, a large number of pseudogenes and, in some cases, essential genes. Moreover, a number of the plasmids have features suggesting that they are prophages.

Stability

Store at 4°C if entire vial will be used within 2-4 weeks. Store, frozen at -20°C for longer periods of time. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Background

Recombinant Borrelia Miyamotoi GlpQ produced in E.coli is a non-glycosylated, polypeptide chain having a calculated molecular mass of 38,132 Dalton. Borrelia Miyamotoi GlpQ is expressed with a 10xHis tag at N-terminus and purified by proprietary chromatographic techniques.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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