
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: Enterokinase Bovine
Cat. No.: GP21605
Batch No.: 1

Product Data

Purity	>98%	Source	Pichia pastoris.
Physical Appearance	solid	Shipping Condition	Shipped with Ice Packs.
Synonyms	Enteropeptidase; EC 3.4.21.9; Enterokinase; Serine protease 7; ENTK; MGC133046.		
Formulation	Bovine EK in 50mM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 0.5M NaCl and 50% glycerol.		

Introduction

Enteropeptidase or enterokinase is an enzyme involved in human digestion. It is produced by cells in the duodenum wall, and is secreted from duodenum's glands, the crypts of Lieberk^hn, whenever ingested food enters the duodenum from the stomach. Enteropeptidase has the critical job of turning trypsinogen (a zymogen) to trypsin, indirectly activating a number of pancreatic digestive enzymes. Enteropeptidase is a serine protease enzyme (EC 3.4.21.9). Enteropeptidase is a part of the Chymotrypsin-clan of serine proteases, and is structurally similar to these proteins.

Stability

One year when stored at μ C20°C . Please avoid freeze-thaw cycles.

Background

Enterokinase (rEK) Bovine Recombinant is the catalytic subunit of bovine enterokinase, which is expressed by the yeast and purified to yield a high enzyme activity preparation. EK recognizes the sequence Asp-Asp-Asp-Asp-Lys and cleaves the peptide bond after the lysine residue. The enzyme can be used to cleave any fusion protein that carries this sequence. Recombinant Bovine Enterokinase is a single glycosylated polypeptide chain containing 235 amino acids and having an MW of ~43kDa.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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