
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: 4-Methylamino antipyrine hydrochloride

Cat. No.: GC60523

Chemical Properties

Cas. No. 856307-27-2

SMILES O=C1N(C2=CC=CC=C2)N(C)C(C)=C1NC.[H]ClFormula $C_{12}H_{16}ClN_3O$ M.Wt 253.73Solubility Storage Store at $-20^{\circ}C$

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility , please warm the tube at $37^{\circ}C$ and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below $-20^{\circ}C$ for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT , or blue ice upon request.

Structure **Background**

4-Methylaminoantipyrine is a major active metabolite of the non-opioid prodrug metamizole.¹ It is formed from metamizole by non-enzymatic hydrolysis in the gastrointestinal tract.² 4-Methylaminoantipyrine (0.1 mM) inhibits production of prostaglandin E₂ induced by the calcium ionophore A23187 in isolated mouse peritoneal macrophages.³ It increases the paw withdrawal threshold in a rat model of carrageenan-induced hyperalgesia when administered at a dose of 160 μg/paw.⁴ 4-Methylaminoantipyrine (60, 90, and 120 mg/kg) reduces LPS-induced pyrexia in rats.⁵ It is also a potential impurity found in commercial preparations of metamizole.⁶

1. Rogosch, T., Sinning, C., Podlewski, A., et al. Novel bioactive metabolites of dipyrone (metamizol) *Bioorg. Med. Chem.* 20(1)101-107(2012)
 2. Nikolova, I., Tencheva, J., Voynikov, Y., et al. Metamizole: A review profile of a well-known "forgotten" drug. Part I: Pharmaceutical and nonclinical profile *Biotechnol. Equip.* 26(6)3329-3337(2012)
 3. Brune, K., Aehringhaus, U., and Peskar, B.A. Pharmacological control of leukotriene and prostaglandin production from mouse peritoneal macrophages *Agents*

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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Actions 14(5-6)729-734(1984) 4. Gonçalves Dos Santos, G., Vieira, W.F., Vendramini, P.H., et al. Dipyron is locally hydrolyzed to 4-methylaminoantipyrine and its antihyperalgesic effect depends on CB2 and κ -opioid receptors activation Eur. J. Pharmacol. 874(1-3)300-305(2020) 5. Malvar, D.d.C., Aguiar, F.A., Vaz Ade, L., et al. Dipyron metabolite 4-MAA induces hypothermia and inhibits PGE2 -dependent and -independent fever while 4-AA only blocks PGE2 -dependent fever Br. J. Pharmacol. 171(15)3666-3679(2014) 6. Vieira, J.C., Sversut, R.A., Maciel, I.T., et al. HPLC-DAD method for simultaneous determination of dipyron (metamizole) and caffeine in tablets and identification of major degradation product by direct infusion ESI-MS Chromatographia 80(3)489-495(2017)

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