
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: Moricizine

Cat. No.: GC36648

Chemical Properties

Cas. No. 31883-05-3

SMILES O=C(OCC)NC(C=C1N2C(CCN3CCOCC3)=O)=CC=C1SC4=C2C=CC=C4Formula $C_{22}H_{25}N_3O_4S$ M.Wt 427.52

Solubility Soluble in DMSO Storage Store at -20°C

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility, please warm the tube at 37 °C and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT, or blue ice upon request.

Structure

Background

Moricizine is an antiarrhythmia agent used primarily for ventricular rhythm disturbances. Target: Sodium Channel. Moricizine is an antiarrhythmia agent used primarily for ventricular rhythm disturbances. Moricizine works by inhibiting the rapid inward sodium current across myocardial cell membranes. Moricizine induced the tonic block of I_{Na} with the apparent dissociation constant ($K_{d,app}$) of 6.3 μ M at -100 mV and 99.3 μ M at -140 mV. Moricizine at 30 μ M shifted the h infinity curve to the hyperpolarizing direction by 8.6 \pm 2.4 mV. Moricizine also produced the phasic block of I_{Na} , which was enhanced with the increase in the duration of train pulses, and was more prominent with a holding potential (HP) of -100 mV than with an HP of -140 mV. Moricizine would exert an antiarrhythmic action on atrial myocytes, as well as on ventricular myocytes, by blocking Na^+ channels with a high affinity to the inactivated state and a slow dissociation kinetics [1].

[1]. Ahmmed, G.U., et al., Analysis of moricizine block of sodium current in isolated guinea-pig atrial myocytes. Atrioventricular difference of moricizine block. *Vascul Pharmacol*, 2002. 38(3): p. 131-41.

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

Tel: (909) 407-4943 Fax: (626) 353-8530 E-mail: tech@glpbio.com

Address: 10292 Central Ave. #205, Montclair, CA, USA