
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: Dehydroascorbic acid

Cat. No.: GC33746

Chemical Properties

Cas. No. 490-83-5

SMILES OC[C@@H]([C@](O1)([H])C(C(C1=O)=O)=O)OFormula C₆H₆O₆

M.Wt 174.11

Solubility DMSO: 10 mg/ml, DMSO:PBS (pH 7.2) (1:5): 0.16 mg/ml

Storage Store at -20°C

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility, please warm the tube at 37 °C and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution: ship with blue ice. All other available sizes: ship with RT, or blue ice upon request.

Structure **Background**

Dehydroascorbic acid is an oxidized form of ascorbic acid.¹ It is obtained through the diet or formed *via* oxidation of ascorbic acid in the gut and can also be reduced back to ascorbic acid in various cell types. Dehydroascorbic acid (0.5 and 1 mM) inhibits hydrogen peroxide-induced cell death in murine astrocytes by approximately 74 and 83%, respectively.² It also increases glutathione peroxidase (GPX) and glutathione reductase activity and inhibits production of reactive oxygen species (ROS) in hydrogen peroxide-treated astrocytes when used at a concentration of 1 mM. Dehydroascorbic acid (40 and 250 mg/kg) increases cerebral blood flow and reduces infarct volume and mortality in a mouse model of cerebral ischemia-reperfusion injury induced by transient middle cerebral artery occlusion (MCAO) when administered prior to ischemia.³ It also reduces infarct volume in a permanent MCAO mouse model when administered pre- or post-ischemia at doses of 250 and 500 mg/kg, respectively.

1. Wilson, J.X. The physiological role of dehydroascorbic acid. *FEBS Lett.* 527(1-3):5-9 (2002)

2. Kim, E.J., Park, Y.G., Baik, E.J., et al. Dehydroascorbic acid prevents oxidative cell death

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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through a glutathione pathway in primary astrocytes]. *Neurosci. Res.* 79(5)670-679(2005) 3. Huang, J., Agus, D.B., Winfree, C.J., et al. Dehydroascorbic acid, a blood-brain barrier transportable form of vitamin C, mediates potent cerebroprotection in experimental stroke *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 98(20)11720-11724(2001)

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