
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: Suberylglycine

Cat. No.: GC31641

Chemical Properties

Cas. No. 60317-54-6

SMILES O=C(O)CCCCCCC(NCC(O)=O)=OFormula $C_{10}H_{17}NO_5$ M.Wt 231.25

Solubility Soluble in DMSO Storage Store at -20°C

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility, please warm the tube at 37 °C and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT, or blue ice upon request.

Structure **Background**

Suberylglycine is a glycine-conjugated form of the dicarboxylic acid suberic acid.¹ Urinary levels of suberylglycine are increased in patients with medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase (MCAD) deficiency, an inborn error of fatty acid metabolism characterized by hypoketotic hypoglycemia, medium-chain dicarboxylic aciduria, and intolerance to fasting.^{2,3,4}

1. Truscott, R.J., Hick, L., Pullin, C., et al. Dicarboxylic aciduria: The response to fasting. *Clin. Chim. Acta* 94(1)31-39(1979) 2. Bhuiyan, A.K., Watmough, N.J., Turnbull, D.M., et al. A new simple screening method for the diagnosis of medium chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. *Clin. Chim. Acta* 165(1)39-44(1987) 3. Onkenhout, W., Venizelos, V., van der Poel, P.F.H., et al. Identification and quantification of intermediates of unsaturated fatty acid metabolism in plasma of patients with fatty acid oxidation disorders. *Clin. Chem.* 41(10)1467-1474(1995) 4. Rinaldo, P., O'Shea, J.J., Coates, P.M., et al. Medium-chain acyl-CoA dehydrogenase deficiency. Diagnosis by stable-isotope dilution measurement of urinary n-hexanoylglycine and 3-phenylpropionylglycine. *N. Engl. J. Med.* 319(20)1308-1313(1988)

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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