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**Product Data Sheet**

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Product Name: SU5614  
Cat. No.: GC14582

**Chemical Properties**

Cas. No. 1055412-47-9

Chemical Name (Z)-5-chloro-3-((3,5-dimethyl-1H-pyrrol-2-yl)methylene)indolin-2-one

SMILES CC(C=C(N1)C)=C1/C([H])=C(C2=O)/C3=C(N2)C=CC(Cl)=C3

Formula  $C_{15}H_{13}ClN_2O$  M.Wt 272.73

Solubility  $\geq 27.3\text{mg/mL}$  in DMSO Storage Store at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility, please warm the tube at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution: ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT, or blue ice upon request.

Structure

**Background**

IC50: 100 nM for FLT3 inhibition

SU5614 is a protein tyrosine kinase inhibitor.

Tyrosine kinases are enzymes for the activation of many proteins by signal transduction cascades. The proteins are activated by adding a phosphate group to the protein.

In vitro: Previous study found that SU5614 could induce growth arrest and apoptosis in c-kit-expressing Kasumi-1, M-07e, and UT-7 cells and inhibited the stem cell factor (SCF)-induced tyrosine phosphorylation of c-kit. Moreover, the sensitivity of Kasumi-1 cells towards the growth inhibitory activity of SU5614 was mainly caused by an autocrine production of SCF, but not by the transforming mutations of c-kit [1].

In vivo: It was found that administration of SU5614, a vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) inhibitor, to mice could reduce the levels of VEGF dramatically in BAL fluids 72 h

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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after toluene diisocyanate inhalation. Moreover, consistent with the results obtained from the enzyme immunoassays, Western blot analyses showed that SU5614 reduced the levels of VEGF in the BAL fluid 72 h after toluene diisocyanate inhalation. These results suggested that VEGF might be one of the major determinants of toluene diisocyanate -induced asthma and that the inhibition of VEGF might be a good therapeutic strategy [2].

Clinical trial: Up to now, SU5614 is still in the preclinical development stage.

### References:

- [1] Spiekermann K, Faber F, Voswinckel R, Hiddemann W. The protein tyrosine kinase inhibitor SU5614 inhibits VEGF-induced endothelial cell sprouting and induces growth arrest and apoptosis by inhibition of c-kit in AML cells. *Exp Hematol.* 2002 Jul;30(7):767-73.
- [2] Lee YC, Kwak YG, Song CH. Contribution of vascular endothelial growth factor to airway hyperresponsiveness and inflammation in a murine model of toluene diisocyanate-induced asthma. *J Immunol.* 2002 Apr 1;168(7):3595-600.

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