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## Product Data Sheet

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Product Name: R-1 Methanandamide Phosphate

Cat. No.: GC14177

### Chemical Properties

Cas. No. 649569-33-5

Chemical Name N-(2-phosphate-1R-methylethyl)-5Z,8Z,11Z,14Z-eicosatetraenamide

SMILES CCCCC/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\C/C=C\CCCC(N([H])[C@H](C)COP(O)(O)=O)=O

Formula  $C_{23}H_{40}NO_5P$  M.Wt 441.5

Solubility  $\leq 15\text{mg/ml}$  in DMSO;  $15\text{mg/ml}$  in dimethyl formamide Storage Store at  $-20^\circ\text{C}$

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility , please warm the tube at  $37^\circ\text{C}$  and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below  $-20^\circ\text{C}$  for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT , or blue ice upon request.

Structure

### Background

R-1 Methanandamide Phosphate, a water soluble prodrug analog of AEA, exhibited similar activity to that of AEA in the growth inhibition of C6 glioma cells [1].

Arachidonoyl ethanolamide (AEA) was the first endogenous cannabinoid (CB). AEA has been isolated and characterized as an agonist acting on the receptors CB1 and CB2 [2,3]. Since then, several related endocannabinoids have been isolated, most notably was 2-arachidonoyl glycerol (2-AG). The phosphate ester of R-1 methanandamide, R-1MAP, has been tested as a water soluble prodrug analog of AEA [4]. The activity of R-1MAP was essentially equivalent to that of AEA in inhibiting the growth of C6 glioma cells. However, when tested for the inhibitory effects of AEA binding to the isolated rat brain CB1 receptors, arachidonoyl ethanolamide phosphate (AEA-P) has shown about 5-fold less potent as an agonist with a  $K_i$  value of about  $200\text{ nM}$  [5]. In normotensive Dutch Belted rabbits of either gender, the phosphate ester of R-methanandamide reduced intraocular pressure (IOP) [1].

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

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### References:

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2. W. A. Devane, L. Hanus, A. Breuer, et al. Isolation and structure of a brain constituent that binds to the cannabinoid receptor. Science 258, 1946-1949(1992).
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5. T. Sheskin, L. Hanus, J. Slager, et al. Structural requirements for binding of anandamide-type compounds to the brain cannabinoid receptor. Journal of Medicinal Chemistry 40, 659-667 (1997).

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