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**Product Data Sheet**

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Product Name: NS3694  
Cat. No.: GC12639

**Chemical Properties**

Cas. No. 426834-38-0

Chemical Name 4-chloro-2-[[[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]amino]carbonyl]amino]-benzoic acid

SMILES C1C=CC=C(C(O)=O)C(NC(NC2=CC=CC(C(F)(F)F)=C2)=O)=C1

Formula  $C_{15}H_{10}ClF_3N_2O_3$  M.Wt 358.7

Solubility  $\leq 14$ mg/ml in ethanol; 20mg/ml in DMSO; 25mg/ml in dimethyl formamide Storage Store at -20°C

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility, please warm the tube at 37 °C and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT, or blue ice upon request.

Structure

**Background**

IC50: approximately 50  $\mu$ M for cytochrome c-induced caspase activation in HeLa cell cytosolic extracts

NS3694 inhibits apoptosome formation and caspase activation.

The release of mitochondrial proapoptotic proteins into the cytosol is a critical event in apoptosis signaling, resulting in the activation of caspases. Once in the cytosol, cytochrome c triggers the formation of a caspase-activating protein complex called the apoptosome, while Smac/Diablo and Omi/htra2 antagonize the caspase inhibitory effect.

In vitro: Previous study found that NS3694, and its two analogs (NS1764 and NS1784) were well-tolerated by MCF-7S1 breast cancer cells at concentrations up to 100, 50, and 25  $\mu$ M, respectively. Moreover, all three compounds could not inhibit recombinant caspase 9 and caspase 3 at concentrations ranging from 25 to 100  $\mu$ M. In addition,

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: (909) 407-4943 Fax: (626) 353-8530 E-mail: tech@glpbio.com

Address: 10292 Central Ave. #205, Montclair, CA, USA

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NS3694 was able to inhibit the co-immunoprecipitation of caspase 9 and Apaf-1 from HeLa cell cytosol stimulated by cytochrome c and dATP. NS3694 could also inhibit the formation of the active 700-kDa apoptosome complex, but had no effect on TNF-induced caspase-independent death of WEHI-S cells. NS3694 did not inhibit FasL-induced caspase activation or death in type I cells neither [1].

In vivo: Up to now, there is no animal in vivo study reported.

Clinical trial: So far, no clinical study has been conducted.

Reference:

[1] Lademann, U. ,Cain, K.,Gyrd-Hansen, M., et al. Diarylurea compounds inhibit caspase activation by preventing the formation of the active 700-kilodalton apoptosome complex. Mol.Cell Biol. 23(21), 7829-7837 (2003).

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