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## Product Data Sheet

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Product Name: Neoruscogenin

Cat. No.: GC10644

**Chemical Properties**

Cas. No. 17676-33-4

Chemical Name spirosta-5,25(27)-diene-1 $\beta$ ,3 $\beta$ -diol

SMILES C=C(CO1)CC[C@@]21O[C@@]3([H])C[C@@]4([H])[C@]5([H])CC=C6C[C@@H](O)C[C@@H](O)[C@]6(C)[C@@]5([H])CC[C@]4(C)[C@@]3([H])[C@@H]2C

Formula C<sub>27</sub>H<sub>40</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

M.Wt 428.6

Solubility  $\leq$ 30mg/ml in ethanol;30mg/ml in DMSO;30mg/ml in dimethyl formamide

Storage 4°C, protect from light

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility , please warm the tube at 37 °C and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT , or blue ice upon request.

Structure **Background**

Neoruscogenin is a bioavailable, potent, and high-affinity agonist of the nuclear receptor ROR $\alpha$  [1]. Neoruscogenin is a natural sapogenin extracted from Butcher's broom (Ruscus rhizoma, Ruscus aculeatus, Ruscaceae) [2].

RAR-related orphan receptor alpha (ROR $\alpha$ ) is a nuclear receptor that participates in the transcriptional regulation of some genes involved in circadian rhythm. Genetic studies have revealed that ROR $\alpha$  plays an important role in the development of the central nervous system and has been associated with genetic lesions in mice [3].

In vitro: In confluent human microvascular endothelial cells (HMEC-1), pre-treatment with neoruscogenin slightly decreased the permeability at concentrations up to 100  $\mu$ M (71.8%). The EC<sub>50</sub> of neoruscogenin against the nuclear receptor ROR $\alpha$  was 110 nM [1].

**Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.**

Tel: (909) 407-4943 Fax: (626) 353-8530 E-mail: tech@glpbio.com

Address: 10292 Central Ave. #205, Montclair, CA, USA

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In vivo: In mice, oral administration of neoruscogenin (3 mg/kg/d) for seven days up-regulated the expression of several ROR $\alpha$ -inducible genes in the liver [1].

### References:

- [1] Helleboid S, Haug C, Lamottke K, et al. The identification of naturally occurring neoruscogenin as a bioavailable, potent, and high-affinity agonist of the nuclear receptor ROR $\alpha$  (NR1F1)[J]. Journal of biomolecular screening, 2013: 1087057113497095.
- [2] Barbi M, Willer E A, Rothenhfer M, et al. Spirostanol saponins and esculin from Rusci rhizoma reduce the thrombin-induced hyperpermeability of endothelial cells[J]. Phytochemistry, 2013, 90: 106-113.
- [3] Giguère V. Orphan nuclear receptors: from gene to function 1[J]. Endocrine reviews, 1999, 20(5): 689-725.

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