
Product Data Sheet

Product Name: CD 2314
Cat. No.: GC10080

Chemical Properties

Cas. No. 170355-37-0

Chemical Name 5-(5,5,8,8-tetramethyl-5,6,7,8-tetrahydroanthracen-2-yl)thiophene-3-carboxylic acid

SMILES CC(CCC1(C)C)(C2=C1C=C3C=C(C4=CC(C(O)=O)=CS4)C=CC3=C2)C

Formula $C_{23}H_{24}O_2S$ M.Wt 364.5

Solubility <36.45mg/ml in DMSO Storage Store at -20°C

General tips For obtaining a higher solubility, please warm the tube at 37 °C and shake it in the ultrasonic bath for a while. Stock solution can be stored below -20°C for several months.

Shipping Condition Evaluation sample solution : ship with blue ice All other available size: ship with RT, or blue ice upon request.

Structure

Background

CD 2314 is a potent and selective agonist of RAR β with Kd value of 145 and >3760 nM for RAR β and RAR α receptors, respectively [1].

Retinoic acid receptor β (RAR β) is a nuclear receptor for retinoic acid and localizes to the cytoplasm and subnuclear compartments. RAR β mediates cellular signalling in cell growth, differentiation and embryonic morphogenesis.

CD 2314 is a potent and selective RAR β agonist. CD 2314 didn't inhibit the activation-induced apoptosis of thymocytes because of the absent of RAR β in the thymus [1]. CD 2314 inhibited cells growth with IC50 values of 8.0, 3.0, 5.7 and >10 μ M for human head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) 22A, 22B, 183A and 886 cell lines, respectively. In UMSCC22B cells, the combination of CD2314 with RXR-selective retinoids, such as SR11234, SR11203, SR11246 and SR11236 inhibited cells growth [2]. In KG-1 cells, CD 2314 didn't induce folate receptor β (FR- β) expression, indicating that the induction of FR- β was not mediated by RAR β [3].

Caution: Product has not been fully validated for medical applications. For research use only.

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References:

- [1]. Szondy Z, Reichert U, Bernardon JM, et al. Inhibition of activation-induced apoptosis of thymocytes by all-trans- and 9-cis-retinoic acid is mediated via retinoic acid receptor alpha. *Biochem J*, 1998, 331 (Pt 3): 767-774.
- [2]. Sun SY, Yue P, Mao L, et al. Identification of receptor-selective retinoids that are potent inhibitors of the growth of human head and neck squamous cell carcinoma cells. *Clin Cancer Res*, 2000, 6(4): 1563-1573.
- [3]. Xu Y, Wang T, Tang R, et al. All-trans retinoic acid is capable of inducing folate receptor β expression in KG-1 cells. *Tumour Biol*, 2010, 31(6): 589-595.

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